U.N. General Assembly



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U.N. Committee (either 1 or 2): Committee 1
Topic: Climate Change
Sponsor (country delegation): The United Kingdom

General Assembly,

Taking into account the makeup of the total greenhouse gas emissions worldwide in 2013 is: energy supply/electricity generation at 31%, transportation at 15%, manufacturing and construction at 12.5%, other fuel combustion 8.4%, and fugitive emissions at 5.2%, https://www.c2es.org/content/international-emissions/

Alarmed by the fact that the climate and trade silos have not acknowledged the relationship between trade and climate change when 22% of global emissions come from the production of items that are exported to other countries, <u>https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2020/01/how-can-we-align-climate-and-trade/</u>

Having examined that based on a study conducted by MIT and the National Renewable Energy Laboratory, if a significant carbon tax were implemented, increasing at a constant rate each year, that alone would account for a 63% decrease in carbon emissions by 2050, http://news.mit.edu/2018/carbon-taxes-could-make-significant-dent-climate-change-0406

- 1.) <u>Demands</u> developed countries to set a new, ambitious goal to reach net-zero emissions by 2050 by investing in clean energy production in the electricity, urban development, and transportation sectors;
- Strongly Urges the prioritization of the exportation and importation of green products over products that are not environmentally-friendly. This will help underdeveloped countries that are unable to take significant action to reach net-zero emissions;
- 3.) <u>Calls upon</u> developed countries to implement a £38.46 (\$50) per ton of carbon emissions carbon tax, which will increase by 5% each year. When net-zero emissions is reached, this tax will be reevaluated.